Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary Of Defense

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3:

PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program

Date: February 2018

Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

, lavalloca roominology Borolopillo	avanced realmology Bevelopment (1112)											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	398.688	177.419	136.159	114.637	0.000	114.637	87.647	68.752	69.925	71.207	Continuing	Continuing
680: Manufacturing Science and Technology Program	149.403	25.527	21.512	22.328	0.000	22.328	30.162	34.602	34.583	34.539	Continuing	Continuing
350: Manufacturing Innovation Institutes	249.285	126.892	114.647	92.309	0.000	92.309	57.485	34.150	35.342	36.668	Continuing	Continuing
607: National Security Technology Accelerator Program	0.000	25.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Defense-wide Manufacturing Science and Technology (DMS&T) program is the joint, defense-wide component of the DoD Manufacturing Technology (ManTech) Program directed in Title 10 U.S.C. Section 2521, the latter of which represents the Department's comprehensive advanced manufacturing program focused on enabling the strategic goals of timely, affordable delivery of dominant technologies to the warfighter, and improving the acquisition and sustainment of defense products and systems across their life cycles. Designing for manufacturability early in the development of defense-essential products and systems can yield dramatic and positive impacts for the Department's operational and modernization missions.

The DMS&T component of the DoD ManTech program specifically focuses on the development of cross-cutting and potentially game-changing manufacturing technologies, processes and capabilities that are typically beyond the scope or risk of any one Military Department or Defense Agency or platform. These high-leverage, defense-wide investments are designed to benefit the performance, affordability, and delivery timelines/deployment cycles of many of the department's most essential products and systems in ways that are not typically achievable through the efforts of a single service, agency or program office.

The DMS&T program, therefore, is a unique and fundamental DoD ManTech Program component that is needed to optimize a coordinated manufacturing technology development process across the department broadly. Concurrent development of manufacturing processes and capabilities along with S&T development enables the timely, affordable adoption and deployment of emerging technologies needed to maintain U.S. warfighting dominance. Key DMS&T technical areas for investment include Advanced Electronics and Optics Manufacturing, Advanced Materials Manufacturing, Enterprise and Emerging Manufacturing, and respective technology focus areas addressed by each of the DoD-led manufacturing innovation institutes (discussed in the next paragraph). Advanced Electronics and Optics addresses advanced manufacturing technologies for a wide range of applications such as sensors, radars, power generation, switches, and optics for defense applications. Advanced Materials addresses advanced manufacturing technologies for a wide range of materials such as composites, metals, ceramics, nanomaterials, metamaterials, and low observables. Enterprise and Emerging Manufacturing addresses advanced manufacturing technologies and enterprise business practices for defense applications. Key focus areas include the industrial information infrastructure, advanced design/qualification/cost tools, supply network integration technologies and management practices, direct digital (or additive) manufacturing, machining; robotics, assembly, and joining.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary Of Defense Date: February 2018

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program

Manufacturing innovation institutes established by the DoD and part of the whole-of-government Manufacturing USA Program are also funded in this program element. Technical innovation and leadership in U.S. manufacturing are essential to sustaining the foundations of industrial competitiveness to enable our military to maintain technological advantage and global dominance. Eight DoD Manufacturing USA institutes have been established to serve as regional hubs accelerating technological innovation and associated production processes and educational/workforce competencies for military and commercial applications via shared public-private sectors. These Manufacturing USA institutes, supported by resources from multiple U.S. Government agencies, are generating significant industry cost-share for manufacturing innovation and are forming new technology transition pathways via regional hubs spurring active collaboration among government, industry, and academia to help meet critical government and warfighter needs. The overall concept of the Manufacturing USA program (previously named the National Network for Manufacturing Innovation until changed in FY16) and the design of its manufacturing innovation institutes are provided in several key federal documents; among them: 1) the President's National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) report by the Advanced Manufacturing National Program Office entitled, "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation: A Preliminary Design," published in January 2013, and more recently, in the following two NSTC reports: 2) "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program Strategic Plan" and 3) "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation Annual Report," both published in February 2016.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
Previous President's Budget	158.398	136.159	115.573	-	115.573
Current President's Budget	177.419	136.159	114.637	-	114.637
Total Adjustments	19.021	0.000	-0.936	-	-0.936
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	25.000	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-5.805	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-	-			
FFRDC Transfer	-0.174	-	-	=	-
Economic Adjustment	-	_	-0.936	-	-0.936

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: 607: *National Security Technology Accelerator Program*Congressional Add: *National Security Technology Accelerator*

	FY 2017	FY 2018
	25.000	0.000
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 607	25.000	0.000
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	25.000	0.000

•	DITOLAGOII ILD	
Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Sec	cretary Of Defense	Date: February 2018
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)	R-1 Program Element (Number/Nam PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Man	ue) ufacturing Science and Technology Program
Change Summary Explanation Three project codes are used in this Program Element (PE) to disting innovation institute investments (P350), and the newly added prografrom prior President's budgets is primarily associated with the additional contents of the content of the conten	im the National Security Technology Accel	erator (P607). The growth in funding in this PE
Economic Adjustment for inflation.		

PE 0603680D8Z: *Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and T...* Office of the Secretary Of Defense

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2019 C	Office of the	Secretary (Of Defense					Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program Program Program Project (Number/Name) 680 / Manufacturing Science and Technology Technology Program				•							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
680: Manufacturing Science and Technology Program	149.403	25.527	21.512	22.328	0.000	22.328	30.162	34.602	34.583	34.539	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The DMS&T investment strategy follows a two-pronged approach built on: 1) broad technology initiatives and 2) specific individual projects meeting more focused manufacturing technology needs. Investments in both cases are built and managed in collaboration with the Department's research, development and acquisition (RDA) communities (including active, ongoing coordination with the DoD ManTech Program's Joint Defense Manufacturing Technology Panel) and industry and target the development of defense-essential advanced manufacturing processes and associated workforce capabilities. The portfolio includes a focus on above-the-shop-floor new manufacturing processes and practices having the potential to improve manufacturing efficiencies at broader, enterprise levels. Single specific projects address investment opportunities not associated with selected technology initiatives and enable the program to more surgically apply investments to compelling and sometimes urgent manufacturing needs.

Data calls are launched through two methods to identify technology initiatives and single specific issues requiring investment. One method is through the JDMTP. The JDMTP is comprised of the ManTech Directors from the Services, Defense Logistics Agency, and Office of Secretary of Defense (OSD). The call is distributed through the ManTech Directors to the four JDMTP sub panels: Metals Processing and Fabrication Subpanel, Composites Processing and Fabrication Subpanel, Electronics Processing and Fabrication Subpanel, and Advanced Manufacturing Enterprise Subpanel. Potential candidates are evaluated by the JDMTP based on criteria set forth in the call and announcements, and then down-selected for further development prior to final selection. The other method is through funding opportunity announcements to industry. Priority is given to investments that support affordability and producibility of critical enabling manufacturing technologies that cut across multiple platforms. Investments also balance defense priorities in specialty materials, electronics, propulsion and power, and manufacturing processes including "above the shop floor" (lean and business technologies facilitating interoperable manufacturing). Final projects are selected by the OSD ManTech Director, considering input from the JDMTP, and as approved by Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense, Manufacturing and Industrial Base Policy (MIBP). Technology initiatives and projects are executed at the Component level.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
Title: Advanced Electronics and Optics	16.766	12.213	13.029	0.000	13.029
Description: Advanced Electronics and Optics is a series of efforts addressing advanced manufacturing technologies for a wide range of applications such as sensors, radars, power generation, switches, and optics for defense applications. Focal points are productivity and efficiency gains in the defense manufacturing base to accelerate delivery of technical capabilities to impact current warfighting operations, and manufacturing technologies to reduce the cost, acquisition time and risk of our major defense acquisition programs. Future					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secret	tary Of Defense			Date: Febi	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•	680 / Manu	Project (Number/Name) 680 I Manufacturing Science and Technology Program		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
efforts will focus on advances in fuel cells, lasers, enhanced acuity microdi opto-mechanical and armor applications.	splays, and transparent ceramics for					
The Transparent Ceramic Initiative will address DoD applications for electrand bulk solid state components, such as windows. Typical materials inclu Transparent ceramics offer the potential for improved ballistic strength for protection. Investments include but are not limited to: high strength spinels Ceramics (NCOC) powder scale-up, infrared windows, and curved transparent.	de: sapphire, ALON, and spinel. battlefield armor and personnel scale-up, Nanocomposite Optical					
Projects:						
Mini Short-wave Infrared (SWIR) Cameras and Imagers (FY 2016): Exped SWIR cameras to the warfighter and develop wafer level processing techn contaminants in the SWIR focal plane array (FPA)/ camera assembly. Will technology systems and components. Reduced unit cost allows more indicost, reduced from \$30K to \$5K; 3x reduced size from 3cm3 to 1cm3; 3x reduced include COSI, INOD, COS3, AWST, Joint Effect Targeting Sy MTS-B.	iques to improve yield and reduce establish the industrial base for SWIR riduals to carry imagers; 6x improved educed weight from 120 g to 40 g.					
Mini Vis - SWIR Cameras and Imagers (FY 2016): Develop a manufacturing that can see the entire spectral band of Visible, Near Infrared (NIR), and S being compatible with visible, NIR, and SWIR laser pointers and illuminated COS3, Advanced Weapon Sight Technology (AWST), Joint Effect Targeting Night Sight Technology (IDNST), PAWS, and Multispectral Targeting Systems	hort-wave Infrared (SWIR); while rs. Applications include: COSI, INOD, ng System (JETS), Integrated Day/					
Manufacturability of Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers (VCSELs) – Pl capability to produce a Multi-Function Laser Illuminator and Pointer that dedevices (Green, NIR, and Short-wave Infrared (SWIR) Laser Pointers plus single, high-power, lightweight unit, which would give the warfighter comm and be covert. Would provide the SWIR VCSEL a three-fold increase in efficitical needs for covert illumination in both High Definition and SXGA form RAVEN, TigerShark, Anubis, Spectre-FINDER, Speckles, TigerMoth, WAR	elivers the functionality of five different NIR and SWIR illuminators) in a onality with all other weapon systems ficiency and output power to meet ats. Applications include: PUMA,					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	y Of Defense		,	Date: Feb	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	•	680 I Man	Number/Name) ufacturing Science and gy Program		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
OBAT, nLoss, LOS-short, CLRF, Joint Effect Targeting System (JETS), IDNS STINGER , and ARGUS, others.	ST, TLDS, Big Safari, OEF, OIF,					
Vital Infrared Sensor Technology Acceleration (VISTA) High Temp Mid-Wave 2016-2017): Establish a critical domestic industrial base for MWIR focal plan in III-V antimony-based Infrared (IR) FPAs to reduce size, weight, power, and operability as an alternative to current technology. Will achieve wafer product month while shortening sensor turn-on and cool down time by 50%, extending result of reduced stress during temperature cycling, and substantially reducin cost. Applications include: Air Force: EODAS Enhancement (F-35), EOTS En (F-15), Targeting System Enhancements (MQ-9, F-16), Overhead Persistent FLIR, Degraded Visual Environment, Rotary Wing Pilotage; Navy: Shipboard Overhead Persistent Surveillance for USMC, UAV, and Navy: BAMS, F-18 (A Integration System (EISIS), and Affordable Modular Panoramic Photonics Ma Improved Focal Plane Array (FPA) – Hyperspectral – Phase II (FY 2016): Der for Long-Wave Infrared (LWIR) Hyperspectral (HIS) applications. Up to \$1M/y	arrays (FPA) having capabilities I cost while increasing yield and tion scale-up to 40-50 wafers per g cooler lifetimes 150% - 200% as a g the sensor lifecycle maintenance thancement (F-35), LWIRST Infrared (OPIR); Army: Next Gen Multifunction Sensors (APDIS), advanced IRST), EO/IR Standard ast.					
life cycle costs compared to arsenic-doped silicon blocked impurity band (Si:A reduction in up-front costs compared to Mercury Cadmium Telluride (MCT). In and availability, along with increased detection range.						
Organic Light Emitting Diode (OLED) Microdisplays - Phase II (FY 2016-2017 capability for producing an ultra-high resolution, high brightness, high contras unit cost. Mature and combine manufacturing processes: Silicon on Insulator technologies to enable a 5X improvement in yield and 5X longer lifetime of dis \$221.7M savings for aviation and Enhanced Visual Acuity (EVA) goggles (27, x \$8K/unit savings). Applications include F-35 Heads-up Helmet Mounted Dis F-15, F-16, affordable color/monochrome displays with high brightness and h fully use sensors and cuing/augmented reality hardware.	t, full color microdisplay at a low (SOI) and Direct Patterning splays, reducing life cycle costs.,700 displays between 2017-2032) splay System, Apache, EVA, F-18,					
Nanocomposite Optical Ceramics (NCOC)(FY 2017-2018): Advance manufactorisapphire. The large reduction of emissivity at elevated temperatures experient						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	Of Defense			Date: Febr	ruary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	•		•	ne) cience and	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
more favorable for a missile dome by increasing the signal to noise ratio. Effort dome manufacturing processes to meet projected AIM-9X full rate production of						
FY 2018 Plans: Manufacturability of Vertical-Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers – Phase II: continuadditional product transitions; obtain feedback from end users and implement in						
Nanocomposite Optical Ceramics (NCOC): Continue powder conditioning, blandshing and coating related activities; measure results and assess Manufacture.						
FY 2019 Base Plans: Manufacturability of Vertical-Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers – Phase II: continuadditional product transitions; obtain feedback from end users and implement in						
Nanocomposite Optical Ceramics (NCOC): Continue powder conditioning, blandshing and coating related activities; measure results and assess Manufacture.						
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: Increase from 12.213 to 13.029 to support program priorities						
Title: Advanced Materials Manufacturing		5.713	5.508	5.508	0.000	5.508
Description: Advanced Materials Manufacturing is a series of efforts addressing technologies for a wide range of materials such as composites, metals, ceramic metamaterials. Through productivity and efficiency gains, these manufacturing delivery of technical capabilities to impact current warfighting operations, while time and risk of our major defense acquisition programs. Advanced materials rundergoing development include materials for ballistic survivability and ballistic fabrication of structural components.	cs, nanomaterials, and technologies will accelerate reducing the cost, acquisition manufacturing technologies					
Advanced Propulsion Initiative: Advance propulsion has a crucial need to deve propulsion capabilities. Several technologies will be developed including Risk-b						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secret	tary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/l PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•	680 / Man	Project (Number/Name) 680 <i>I Manufacturing Science and</i> Technology Program		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
System Sustainment and As-Manufactured and As-Maintained State Awar be pursued addressing capability gaps associated with adaptive engine de materials, organic matrix composites, oxide/oxide composites, thermal bar structure and light weight alloys. Additional capabilities will focus on unique with affordable Medium-Small Engine fabrication methods including Expen	sign and high performance lightweight rier coatings for high temperature e manufacturing challenges associated					
Projects: 40MM M433 Warhead Producibility (FY 2016): Achieve improved anti-pers increasing first shot effectiveness against personnel targets through optimit transition to Full Rate Production, avoiding high cartridge unit costs. Prima M203 GL, M320GL, and M32 MSGL. Secondary applications include Canar Grenades. Cold Spray Repair and Rebuild Phase II Large Structures (FY 2016): Expa from 5 feet to a target of 40 feet to enable large tubular component repair. Submarine Periscopes and TD-63 Actuators.	zation of production process prior to ary applications include Mk 19 GMG, non and Tank Calibers, and Hand and the Cold Spray product envelope					
Dimensions on Day One (FY 2016): Demonstrate a methodology that accurate numerous geometric, tooling and material factors impacting finished coupfront process and tooling design to yield first article parts meeting the "d Applications include F-35/UCLASS/F/A-XX/Long Range Strike for maintain enables survivable, supportable and affordable air vehicles.	imposite parts enabling the correct imensional requirements on day 1".					
Large Scale Encapsulate Ceramics - Phase II (FY 2016): Enable combat with Kinetic and Chemical Energy objective threats within the allocated weight possible of the armor, with an estimated cost reduction of \$10K /sq. foot. Armor par required by individual vehicles. Applications include Abrams, which has a land other vehicles will use this technology to design those areas of vehicle threats.	parameters. Help address affordability nels will be producible in the shapes known protection limitation. GCV					
Out of Autoclave Processing of Organic Matrix Composites (OMCs) for Ad Current state of the art out of autoclave processable OMCs are currently light 325F and 375F limiting advanced propulsion applications. Expanding performance of the composite of the composit	mited to a service life of between					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the S	-		1	Date: Febr		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	•	Project (Number/Name) 680 I Manufacturing Science and Technology Program			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
between 400F and 625F will dramatically increase the design trade s advanced propulsion systems. Advanced propulsion structure include by-pass ducts. Insertion of this technology onto the AETP program w performance for the next generation tactical aircraft.	es front frames, vanes, stators and outer					
Fabrication of Non-Eroding Metallic Throat (FY 2016-2018): Scale the Eroding Tungsten (W) Throats from 4" up to 12" inner throat diameter ICBMs as well as Stage 2 Standard Missile III.						
Advanced Technology Capability (FY 2016-2018): Development of acwarfighter survivability and capability against advanced threats. Enable sufficient affordable quantities to allow transition to multiple platforms	ples new capabilities to be produced in					
Advanced Propulsion Initiative: Advance propulsion has a crucial need propulsion capabilities. Several technologies will be developed included System Sustainment and As-Manufactured and As-Maintained State be pursued addressing capability gaps associated with adaptive enging materials, organic matrix composites, oxide/oxide composites, therm structure and light weight alloys. Additional capabilities will focus on with affordable Medium-Small Engine fabrication methods including Engine fabrication methods.	ling Risk-based Life Cycle Management for Awareness. In addition, technologies will ne design and high performance lightweight al barrier coatings for high temperature unique manufacturing challenges associated					
Projects: 40MM M433 Warhead Producibility (FY 2016): Achieve improved ant increasing first shot effectiveness against personnel targets through transition to Full Rate Production, avoiding high cartridge unit costs. M203 GL, M320GL, and M32 MSGL. Secondary applications include Grenades.	optimization of production process prior to Primary applications include Mk 19 GMG,					
Cold Spray Repair and Rebuild Phase II Large Structures (FY 2016): from 5 feet to a target of 40 feet to enable large tubular component re Submarine Periscopes and TD-63 Actuators.						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	retary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	•	Project (Number/Name) 680 / Manufacturing Science and Technology Program			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
Dimensions on Day One (FY 2016): Demonstrate a methodology that act the numerous geometric, tooling and material factors impacting finished upfront process and tooling design to yield first article parts meeting the Applications include F-35/UCLASS/F/A-XX/Long Range Strike for maintal enables survivable, supportable and affordable air vehicles.	composite parts enabling the correct "dimensional requirements on day 1".					
Large Scale Encapsulate Ceramics - Phase II (FY 2016): Enable combat Kinetic and Chemical Energy objective threats within the allocated weight of the armor, with an estimated cost reduction of \$10K /sq. foot. Armor prequired by individual vehicles. Applications include Abrams, which has a and other vehicles will use this technology to design those areas of vehiclests.	nt parameters. Help address affordability anels will be producible in the shapes a known protection limitation. GCV					
Out of Autoclave Processing of Organic Matrix Composites (OMCs) for A Current state of the art out of autoclave processable OMCs are currently 325F and 375F limiting advanced propulsion applications. Expanding pe between 400F and 625F will dramatically increase the design trade space advanced propulsion systems. Advanced propulsion structure includes from by-pass ducts. Insertion of this technology onto the AETP program will be performance for the next generation tactical aircraft.	r limited to a service life of between rformance of OMCs to temperatures be for developing the next generation ront frames, vanes, stators and outer					
Fabrication of Non-Eroding Metallic Throat (FY 2016-2018): Scale the m Eroding Tungsten (W) Throats from 4" up to 12" inner throat diameters. A ICBMs as well as Stage 2 Standard Missile III.						
Advanced Technology Capability (FY 2016-2018): Development of advanced warfighter survivability and capability against advanced threats. Enables sufficient affordable quantities to allow transition to multiple platforms.						
FY 2018 Plans: Fabrication of Non-eroding Metallic Throat: Modify existing system with throats; fabricate tungsten base alloyed powders; continue to refine fabri						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	e 680 / Manufacturing Science an				nd	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	
make 12" diameter material property specimens; conduct sintering and Hot Is manufacturing methods and practices to reduce unit costs and reduce rejects 9" diameter throats; conduct a preliminary design analysis for 12" diameter the specimens.	; finalize the design of 6" and						
Out of Autoclave Processing of Organic Matrix Composites (OMCs) for Advar operating parameters for processing Organic Matrix Composites without auto							
Advanced Technology Capability: Improvement and continued development of manufacturing processes to enable scale up of production capabilities.	of new and novel advanced						
FY 2019 Base Plans: Fabrication of Non-eroding Metallic Throat: Modify existing system with tooling throats; fabricate tungsten base alloyed powders; continue to refine fabricatio make 12" diameter material property specimens; conduct sintering and Hot Is manufacturing methods and practices to reduce unit costs and reduce rejects 9" diameter throats; conduct a preliminary design analysis for 12" diameter the specimens.	n of 6" and 9" diameter throats; ostatic Processing; improve ; finalize the design of 6" and						
Out of Autoclave Processing of Organic Matrix Composites (OMCs) for Advar operating parameters for processing Organic Matrix Composites without auto							
Advanced Technology Capability: Improvement and continued development of manufacturing processes to enable scale up of production capabilities.	of new and novel advanced						
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None							
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A							
Title: Enterprise and Emerging Manufacturing		3.048	3.791	3.791	0.000	3.791	
Description: Enterprise and Emerging Manufacturing addresses advanced musiness practices for defense applications. Key focus areas include direct d							

PE 0603680D8Z: *Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and T...* Office of the Secretary Of Defense

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 11 of 28

R-1 Line #47

Appropriation/Pudget Activity	D 1 Drogram Floment (Number)	Mama)	Droinet /N	umbor/Non	201			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•	Project (Number/Name) 680 I Manufacturing Science and Technology Program			1		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total		
advanced manufacturing enterprise, machining, robotics, assembly, and join accelerate delivery of technical capabilities to impact current warfighting operacquisition time, and risk of major defense acquisition programs.								
It is paramount for the U.S. military to improve its own agility and flexibility. To overcome a burdensome acquisition cycle requiring a great amount of cost, through the use of secure satellite data links or a local parts database, warfidesign (CAD) for replacement parts, allowing them to repair equipment without chains or wait for shipments. It allows operators to modify a part's design based on the control of the contro	ime, security, and storage space. ghters can access computer-aided out the need to establish supply							
Emerging manufacturing technologies undergoing development include: a la interoperable machine tool applications, and methods for exchange of 3D off supply chain and between the Government and contractors.								
Projects: MTConnect Challenge Phase II (FY 2016): Promote academia's educational production interactive solutions to the broad U.S industrial base with the expecontributes to reduced cycle times and the development of real-time production applications.	ansion of MTConnect Challenge that							
Securing American Manufacturing (SAM) (FY 2016): develop a Trusted and vulnerabilities of industrial control systems, provide input to DoD policies, and mitigate threat vulnerabilities. Applications span the US Defense Industrial B. Cyber Security for the Shop Floor - Phase II (FY 2017-2018): The manufacturarea of concern for DoD cyber security because defense contractors through continually targeted by cyber criminals seeking to: 1) steal technical data, incinformation and valuable commercial intellectual property; 2) alter data, there products; and 3) impair or deny process control, thereby damaging or shutting the operational systems of a manufacturing enterprise presents a different seenterprise IT systems and networks. This phase II project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will develop a Trusted and valuable control of the project will be pr	d shape follow-on investment to ase. Iring factory floor is a growing tout the DoD's supply chain are cluding critical national security by affecting processes and g down operations. Protecting et of challenges from protecting							

Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3 B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Militian Mi	rstems, pro ations spar nce the rela vulnerabilit nent results nce the rela vulnerabilit	n the US Defo ationship with ties of industr that discuss ationship with	DoD policies ense Industrial control sign DFAR requirements of the trusted of the	s, and shape rial Base. and assured systems, provirements and	I supply chain vide input d suppliers' I supply chain	FY 2017		wmber/Nan ufacturing S y Program FY 2019 Base		FY 2019 Total
identify threat vulnerabilities of industrial control systement to mitigate threat vulnerabilities. Application of the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessmitigation and cost implications. FY 2019 Base Plans: Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessment pod policies, and document and study assessment FY 2019 OCO Plans: None FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement	rstems, pro ations spar nce the rela vulnerabilit nent results nce the rela vulnerabilit	n the US Defo ationship with ties of industr that discuss ationship with	the trusted rial control s DFAR requ	and assured ystems, provirements and	I supply chain vide input d suppliers' I supply chain	,	FY 2018			
FY 2018 Plans: Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessmitigation and cost implications. FY 2019 Base Plans: Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessment FY 2019 OCO Plans: None FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement	ations spar nce the rela vulnerabilit nent results nce the rela vulnerabilit	n the US Defo ationship with ties of industr that discuss ationship with	the trusted rial control s DFAR requ	and assured ystems, provirements and	I supply chain vide input d suppliers' I supply chain					
Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessmitigation and cost implications. FY 2019 Base Plans: Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat to DoD policies, and document and study assessment FY 2019 OCO Plans: None FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement	vulnerabilit nent results nce the rela vulnerabilit nt	ties of industr that discuss ationship with	rial control systems of the control	ystems, proving and assured	vide input d suppliers'					
Cybersecurity for the Shop Floor – Phase II: enhand analyze and mitigate known and suspected threat with DoD policies, and document and study assessment FY 2019 OCO Plans: None FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement	vulnerabilit nt					,				
None FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statemen	ent:									
	ent:									
		Accomplisi	hments/Pla	nned Progra	ams Subtotal	s 25.527	21.512	22.328	0.000	22.32
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millio Line Item FY 2017	ons) FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To	Total Cos
• (BA3) 0603680F: - Air Force ManTech	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>10tur</u> -	<u>- 1 2020</u>	-	-	-	<u>Complete</u>	TOTAL GO.
• (BA3) 0603680N: Navy ManTech • (BA7) 0708045A: Army ManTech - Industrial Preparedness	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
• (BA7) 0603680S: DLA ManTech - Remarks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

PE 0603680D8Z: *Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and T...* Office of the Secretary Of Defense

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 13 of 28

R-1 Line #47

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	Of Defense		Date: February 2018
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide	,	umber/Name) ufacturing Science and y Program

D. Acquisition Strategy

Not applicable for this item. Outyear data for "Other Program Funding" is contained within the Service budgets.

E. Performance Metrics

The majority of DMS&T investment project performance metrics are specific to each effort and include measures identified in the project plans. Typical metrics include target dates and conditions-based milestones in project work breakdown schedules, production measures, production goals, production numbers and demonstration goals and dates.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2019 C	Office of the	Secretary (Of Defense					Date: February 2018			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3					PE 060368	0D8Z <i>I Def</i>	t (Number/ fense Wide e and Techr	,		Project (Number/Name) 350 / Manufacturing Innovation Institut			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
350: Manufacturing Innovation Institutes	249.285	126.892	114.647	92.309	0.000	92.309	57.485	34.150	35.342	36.668	Continuing	Continuing	

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Technological innovation and leadership in manufacturing are essential to sustaining the foundations of economic competitiveness to maintain technological advantage and global dominance for our military. To support these goals, Manufacturing USA institutes, each led by non-profit 501(c) entities, have been established by the Department to serve as national assests with headquarters and regional hubs to accelerate technological innovation into commercial applications and concurrently develop the educational competencies and production processes via shared public-private sectors. Collaborative execution and funding by the Departments of Defense (DoD), Energy (DOE), and Commerce (DoC), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the National Science Foundation (NSF) to support the establishment of these Manufacturing USA institutes will spur industry cost-share for manufacturing innovation and quickly develop a pathway for technology-focused regional hubs for collaboration among government, industry, and academia that will meet critical government and Warfighter needs. The overall concept of the Manufacturing USA program (previously named the National Network for Manufacturing Innovation until changed in FY16) and the design of its manufacturing innovation institutes are provided in several key federal documents; among them: 1) the President's National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) report by the Advanced Manufacturing National Program Office entitled, "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation: A Preliminary Design," published in January 2013, and more recently, in the following two NSTC reports: 2) "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program Strategic Plan" and 3) "National Network for Manufacturing Innovation Annual Report," both published in February 2016.

Each of the eight DoD-led Manufacturing USA institutes addressed in this budget is expected to be self-sustaining, without reliance on federal sustainment funding, by the end of the period defined by the respective cooperative agreement (CA) or technology investment agreement (TIA) between the federal government and the non-profit organization leading each institute consortium of members. This CA/TIA period is typically for five years, with the flexibility to extend the agreement up to two years for the benefit of DoD projects, technical achievement, etc., and to fully leverage the minimum 1:1 cost share.

Each of the eight DoD-led Manufacturing USA institutes is intended to:

- 1) Bring together industry, universities and community colleges, federal agencies, and state and local governments and organizations to create regionally-based but nationally-impactful public-private partnerships underpinning the formation of sustainable manufacturing innovation ecosystems
- 2) Accelerate innovation to bridge the gap between Research and Development (R&D) and deployment of technological innovations in domestic production of goods
- 3) Invest in industrially relevant manufacturing technologies with broad applications, accelerating innovation within DoD and across all manufacturing sectors to increase U.S. competitiveness
- 4) Provide shared assets to help companies access cutting-edge capabilities and equipment
- 5) Create an unparalleled environment to educate and train students and workers in advanced manufacturing skills
- 6) Focus on maturing the associated manufacturing technologies typically from from Manufacturing Readiness Level (MRL) 4 through 7

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary 0	Of Defense		Date: February 2018
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
0400 / 3	PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide	350 <i>I Manเ</i>	ufacturing Innovation Institutes
	Manufacturing Science and Technology		
	Program		

The first and second year of each of these new institutes is devoted to establishing a sustainable business model and operations, with continued refinement throughout the full period of the cooperative agreement, including: expanding the institute's membership base (as appropriate); establishing and solidifying revenue streams (e.g., funding from new R&D activity, membership fees, training and workforce development, certification and licensing, etc.); establishing provisional Executive Council and Technical Advisory committees to execute the business of each institute; finalizing Intellectual Property plans; developing technology roadmaps to inform investment strategies; opening industrial commons to provide for shared resource facilities available to all institute members; initiating workforce training programs in each technology area; establishing complementary relationships between Manufacturing USA institutes; analyzing the U.S. and Global industrial base in partnership with other government agencies to build upon the institute portfolio and address critical requirements; and further developing national technology roadmaps.

	FY 2017	FY 2018	Base	oco	Total
Title: Institute 1 – National Additive Manufacturing Innovation Institute (America Makes)	0.000	1.026	2.000	0.000	2.000
Description: Additive manufacturing (i.e., "3D printing") is a process of joining materials to make objects from 3D model data, usually layer upon layer, as opposed to subtractive manufacturing methodologies such as traditional machining. Advanced additive manufacturing will benefit the DoD by enabling lifecycle cost savings and enhanced capabilities, including moving toward "focused logistics" – getting the right part in the right place in just the right time – for wartime and humanitarian missions using local supply chains. This Manufacturing USA institutes was established in 2012, with cooperative agreement funding included in this budget through FY 2015, and DoD program management costs included in subsequent fiscal years until all R&D projects, reporting, and fiduciary responsibilities are completed.					
FY 2018 Plans: Complete technical performance of all projects awarded in FY 2016 and make results available in the knowledge base. The period of performance for technical work under the Cooperative Agreement ends on August 31, 2017. Program management subsequently continues to provide oversight through August 31, 2019 for the close-out of all R&D projects, cost share accrual, final reporting, and transition to sustainability, in addition to completion of RDT&E fiduciary responsibilities.					
FY 2019 Base Plans: Complete technical performance of all projects awarded in FY 2016 and make results available in the knowledge base. The period of performance for technical work under the Cooperative Agreement ends on August 31, 2017. Program management subsequently continues to provide oversight through August 31, 2019 for the close-out of all R&D projects, cost share accrual, final reporting, and transition to sustainability, in addition to completion of RDT&E fiduciary responsibilities.					
FY 2019 OCO Plans:					

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

FY 2019

OI:	NCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program Project (Number/Name) 350 I Manufacturing				Name) ng Innovation Institutes		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	
None							
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A							
Title: Institute 2 – Digital Manufacturing and Design Innovation Institute		12.000	4.635	1.750	0.000	1.750	
Description: This national institute focus is on the implementation of the Digit flow of data across the lifecycle of a manufactured product encompassing data sourcing, inventory, assembly, quality, maintenance and sustainment. It includes to reduce the time and cost of bringing new products to market, the elimination manufacturing and sustainment by using both product data and process data it transparent.	a from design, production, supply, des the analysis of this data of barriers between design, in a way that is seamless and						
Technology thrust areas: advanced manufacturing enterprise; intelligent mach source platform; and cyber manufacturing system security.							
This institute was established in February 2014, with cooperative agreement for budget through FY 2018.	unding contribution included in this						
FY 2018 Plans: Proposal calls are planned to occur approximately every six months, resulting with a planned value of \$6 million. Conduct two Proposal Call Workshops, and thrust areas identified above. Continue and expand the workforce developmer 2017. Expand the Digital Manufacturing Commons Open Source collaboration Roadmap and Strategic Investment Plan to lead the technology domain in the Announce the commercialization of new digital manufacturing and design tech Significantly scale up commercialization, skill development and workforce developments and relationships with other government agencies.	d award projects in the technology of projects initiated in FY 2016 and on tool. Revise the Technology completion of a Digital Thread.						
FY 2019 Base Plans: Proposal calls are planned to occur approximately every six months, resulting with a planned value of \$6 million. Conduct two Proposal Call Workshops, and thrust areas identified above. Continue and expand the workforce development	d award projects in the technology						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secret	ary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•	Project (No. 350 / Manu			stitutes
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
2017. Expand the Digital Manufacturing Commons Open Source collabora Roadmap and Strategic Investment Plan to lead the technology domain in Announce the commercialization of new digital manufacturing and design to Significantly scale up commercialization, skill development and workforce oprojects and relationships with other government agencies.	the completion of a Digital Thread. echnologies and industry capabilities.					
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A						
<i>Title:</i> Institute 3 – Lightweight and Modern Metals Manufacturing Innovation Tomorrow (LIFT))	n Institute (Lightweight Innovations	12.000	4.108	4.500	0.000	4.500
Description: Advanced lightweight metals retain properties comparable to enable weight reduction in a variety of components and products with signi payloads. This institute will scale-up research across multiple areas to acce an integrated materials and manufacturing approach, addressing a lack of well as cost and scale-up challenges. The goal is to catalyze the developm U.S. supplier base and to enable DoD to realize greater speed and agility of systems as well as benefits for commercial applications.	ficant energy savings and increased elerate market expansion by applying design guides and certifications as ent of an advanced lightweight metal					
Technology thrust areas: (1) priority metal classes and its alloys of advanced high-strength steels, tit technology development needs grouped into six pillars: melt processing; poprocessing; low cost - agile tooling, coatings, and joining and assembly; (3) Computational Materials Engineering (ICME), design, life-cycle analysis, vasupply chain, corrosion, and ballistic/blast	owder processing; thermo-mechanical Crosscutting themes: Integrated					
This institute was established in February 2014, with cooperative agreement through FY 2018.	nt funds programmed in this budget					
FY 2018 Plans:						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•		umber/Nan ufacturing In		stitutes
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
Project calls are planned to occur every six months, with a planned value of a year. Will conduct additional technology demonstrations and workshops to dismanufacturing technologies developed during previous project calls. Conduct small and medium enterprises (SME) across the nation. Complete installation HQ high bay area. Continue to invest in education and workforce development workforce development, and economic development resources to help create development asset. Continue implementation and expansion of the "work and 2017.	seminate and implement the a series of workshops targeting of all equipment planned for the solutions that link education, a coordinated economic					
FY 2019 Base Plans: Project calls are planned to occur every six months, with a planned value of a year. Will conduct additional technology demonstrations and workshops to dis manufacturing technologies developed during previous project calls. Conduct small and medium enterprises (SME) across the nation. Complete installation HQ high bay area. Continue to invest in education and workforce development workforce development, and economic development resources to help create development asset. Continue implementation and expansion of the "work and 2017.	seminate and implement the a series of workshops targeting of all equipment planned for the solutions that link education, a coordinated economic					
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A						
<i>Title:</i> Institute 4 - Integrated Photonics Manufacturing Innovation Institute (Am (AIM) Integrated Photonics)	erican Institute for Manufacturing	25.459	25.331	23.000	0.000	23.000
Description: Integrated photonics manufacturing advances the promise of unbetween electronics and photonics that will deliver previously unattainable per power consumption, quickly providing differentiating benefits for defense applisignal processing, electronic warfare, information transport and computation, This institute will establish an end-to-end 'ecosystem' in the U.S. for advancing manufacturing. This institute will include responsive integrated photonics fabric electronics integrated design tools, and advances in packaging, assembly and	formance in speed, density and cations such as high-speed sensing, imaging and targeting. g domestic integrated photonics cation foundry access, photonics-					

PE 0603680D8Z: Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and T...

Office of the Secretary Of Defense

Page 19 of 28

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Se	ecretary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Tech Program	03680D8Z / Defense Wide 350 / Macturing Science and Technology			Project (Number/Name) 350 I Manufacturing Innovation Inst			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total		
to catalyze a vibrant, enduring integrated photonics domestic industria domestic semiconductor industry.	l base, much as SEMATECH did with the							
This institute was established in 2015, with cooperative agreement fun FY 2019.	nding programmed in this budget through							
Continue advancement of the integrated photonics manufacturing inno of mature photonic integrated circuit design tools for both silicon and ir implementation of robust, high-yield multi-project wafer capabilities, ar package, assembly, and test tools and facilities in Rochester, NY. Con project calls and award projects in the key core areas identified in the projects' output to the supply chain. Leverage the now mature integrated develop novel integrated photonics components for DoD programs. In class integrated photonics work force into ecosystem. Begin to see a emerging, as evidenced by fee-for-service wafer production, increased intellectual property, and other revenues being realized. This will help the Cooperative Agreement, providing key manufacturing capability for beyond. FY 2019 Base Plans:	ndium phosphide-based photonics, full and completed buildout of state-of-the-art aduct additional round of applied R&D roadmapping phase. Transition FY 2017 ted photonics domestic ecosystem to accorporate emerging domestic world-sustainable integrated photonics institute domembership, licensing of institute extend this institute beyond the length of							
Continue advancement of the integrated photonics manufacturing inno of mature photonic integrated circuit design tools for both silicon and ir implementation of robust, high-yield multi-project wafer capabilities, an package, assembly, and test tools and facilities in Rochester, NY. Con project calls and award projects in the key core areas identified in the projects' output to the supply chain. Leverage the now mature integrated develop novel integrated photonics components for DoD programs. In class integrated photonics work force into ecosystem. Begin to see a emerging, as evidenced by fee-for-service wafer production, increased intellectual property, and other revenues being realized. This will help	ndium phosphide-based photonics, full and completed buildout of state-of-the-art aduct additional round of applied R&D roadmapping phase. Transition FY 2017 ted photonics domestic ecosystem to accorporate emerging domestic world-sustainable integrated photonics institute d membership, licensing of institute							

UN	CLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary Off	Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	,	Project (Number/Name) 350 / Manufacturing Innovation Institut			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
the Cooperative Agreement, providing key manufacturing capability for the DoD beyond.	requirements through 2020 and					
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A						
<i>Title:</i> Institute 5 – Flexible Hybrid Electronics Manufacturing Innovation Institute Hybrid Electronics Manufacturing Institute)	e (Nextflex – America's Flexible	15.825	16.318	6.500	0.000	6.500
Description: Flexible hybrid electronics manufacturing involves highly tailorable compliant substrates that combine thinned components manufactured from trace components that are added via "printing" processes. This institute will invest in of manufacturing processes for high speed pick-and-place, printed circuits, and enable defense and commercial applications in wearable electronics, unattended antennas, medical devices and soft robotics devices, and the continuous improved And Power plus Cost) for electronic systems. This institute will establish an end 'ecosystem,' containing design, packaging, assembly and test automation researcapabilities which can be accessed by small, medium and large companies as goal is to help enable the creation of a sustainable domestic industrial base white needs using a quick technology cycle and scale-up. This institute was establish agreement funds programmed in this budget through FY 2019.	ditional processes with prototyping and scale-up hybrid fabrication that will ed sensors and integrated array vement in SWAPC (Size, Weight I-to-end domestic innovation arch and workforce development well as academic institutes. The ich can rapidly respond to global					
FY 2018 Plans: Project calls are expected to be made every year, with potential for continued P Projects from PC 1.0 and 2.0. Open a functioning pilot line for prototyping, using steps for FHE. Focus on dissemination of the five Manufacturing Technology Al Development Platform (TDP) results into Industry application areas. Refine wor ensure sufficient pipeline expertise and recruitment.	g all major EMS processing rea (MTA) and Technology					
FY 2019 Base Plans: Project calls are expected to be made every year, with potential for continued P Projects from PC 1.0 and 2.0. Open a functioning pilot line for prototyping, using						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Se	cretary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/ PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techr Program	•		Number/Name) nufacturing Innovation Institutes		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
steps for FHE. Focus on dissemination of the five Manufacturing Techr Development Platform (TDP) results into Industry application areas. Re ensure sufficient pipeline expertise and recruitment.						
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A						
Title: Institute 6 - Revolutionary Fibers and Textiles Manufacturing Inno	ovation Institute	21.608	23.229	16.000	0.000	16.000
Description: The RFT institute will address the spectrum of manufacture revolutionary fibers and textiles, from design to end products. It will suprecosystem in the U.S. for revolutionary fibers and textiles manufacturing facilities to develop and scale-up manufacturing processes. The institute demonstrations based on robust design and simulation tools, pilot products of the suppliers, and workforce development opportunities through the transfer of the suppliers. This institute will be established in early 2016, with cooperative agreement through FY 2020.	oport an end-to-end innovation ng and leverage domestic manufacturing te will provide innovative system luction facilities, a roster of subject matter argeted training and curriculum programs.					
FY 2018 Plans: The RFT institute will address the spectrum of manufacturing challenge and textiles, from design to end products. It will support an end-to-end revolutionary fibers and textiles manufacturing and leverage domestic rescale-up manufacturing processes. The institute will provide innovative design and simulation tools, pilot production facilities, a roster of subject development opportunities through targeted training and curriculum proceasing 2016, with cooperative agreement funds programmed in this budge.	innovation 'ecosystem' in the U.S. for manufacturing facilities to develop and system demonstrations based on robust ct matter experts, suppliers, and workforce ograms. This institute will be established in					
FY 2019 Base Plans: The RFT institute will address the spectrum of manufacturing challenge and textiles, from design to end products. It will support an end-to-end revolutionary fibers and textiles manufacturing and leverage domestic rescale-up manufacturing processes. The institute will provide innovative	innovation 'ecosystem' in the U.S. for manufacturing facilities to develop and					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary	y Of Defense		uary 2018			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/I PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Techn Program	•	Project (Number/Name) 350 / Manufacturing Innovation Institutes			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
design and simulation tools, pilot production facilities, a roster of subject matt development opportunities through targeted training and curriculum programs early 2016, with cooperative agreement funds programmed in this budget through	s. This institute will be established in					
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None						
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A						
Title: Institute 7 - Advanced Tissue Biofabrication Manufacturing Innovation I	nstitute (ATB-MII)	20.000	20.000	19.159	0.000	19.159
Description: This institute is intended to advance state-of-the-art human tiss cell and biomaterial processing, bioprinting, automation and non-destructive to is to increase U.S. competitiveness in advanced tissue biofabrication manufated of disruptive technologies into multiple biotechnology sectors, streamlining in ultimately reducing the barrier to entry for new inventors. The goal is to establissue-related technology across a range of manufacturing readiness levels (I assurance of tissue identity, viability, function, and efficacy. This Institute will currently fragmented collection of industry practices and institutional knowled biology, bioengineering, materials science, analytical chemistry, robotics, and commercial level production of tissues will require manufacturing and process as well as testing and preservation methods appropriate for tissue-based pronarrow window of efficacy.	esting technologies. The motivation cturing by encouraging insertion tegrated testing technologies and lish a collaboration that will mature MRL) 4-7, enabling post-delivery bring together the diverse and ge across many disciplines (cell quality assurance). Scaling up to a sutomation suitable for living cells,					
Technical focus at a minimum will be comprised of four thrust areas: 1) Cell & Biofabrication Platforms; 3) Process Design and Automation; 4) Tissue Finis This institute was established in late 2016. Technology Investment Agreeme budget from FY 2016 through FY 2022.	shing and Testing Technologies					
FY 2018 Plans:						

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 23 of 28

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the S	Secretary Of Defense			Date: Febr	uary 2018			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology	ment (Number/Name) Defense Wide Project (Number/Name) 350 I Manufacturing Innov)		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 FY 2019 Base OCO		FY 2019 Total		
Continue to expand the membership and refine core investment area Initiate two rounds of applied R&D project calls in core areas. Execut								
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None								
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: N/A								
Title: Institute 8 - Robotics in Manufacturing Environment (RiME)		20.000	20.000	19.400	19.400 0.000			
Description: The motivation for this Manufacturing Innovation Institut manufacturing through advancements in the smart collaborative robot to level the manufacturing playing field with competing low labor cost cost, better quality and timely reaction to changes needed by the cus also enable "batch of one" production, also known as mass customiz institute will be primarily focused in making advanced manufacturing and contribute to improving prosperity in the United States. The Institutum robot interaction, adaption, learning, manipulation, autonomy. This institute will be established in FY 2017. Cooperative Agreementare programmed in this budget from FY 2017 through FY 2022.	tic field. This technology has the potential economies, with decreased manufacturing tomer. Smart, collaborative robotics can ation. The technologies developed in this more competitive, addressing DoD needs, rute will focus on technology areas such as mobility and perception.							
FY 2018 Plans: Continue to expand the membership and refine core investment area Initiate two rounds of applied R&D project calls in core areas. Execut								
FY 2019 Base Plans: Continue to expand the membership and refine core investment area Initiate two rounds of applied R&D project calls in core areas. Execut	•							
FY 2019 OCO Plans: None								
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement:								

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secre	etary Of Defense		Date: Feb	ruary 2018	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program	,	lumber/Nar ufacturing Ir	,	stitutes
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2019	FY 2019	FY 2019

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
N/A					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	126.892	114.647	92.309	0.000	92.309

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

Each Manufacturing Innovation Institute is established through a competitive selection process. The executing military department or agency, in close and continuous coordination with OSD ManTech, publishes a formal solicitation (funding opportunity announcement) for proposals describing the scope of required activities and extensive proposal evaluation criteria. Non-Profit Organizations (including universities) are eligible to bid, and each bidder forms a broad consortium of industry and academic partners. The executing military department or agency, in close coordination with OSD, uses a team of government experts to evaluate each proposal against the evaluation criteria and selects a winning consortium. The final terms of the cooperative agreement/technology investment agreement between the selectee and the federal government are then negotiated and the CA or TIA is signed. Throughout and after completion of this process, the federal government makes clear that members of non-selected teams are encouraged to join the selected consortium as conditions permit.

E. Performance Metrics

Assessing the performance of the DoD-led manufacturing institutess, part of the whole-of-government Manufacturing USA Program, requires a multi-faceted view of 'performance,' given the program's layered base of DoD, government-wide, and national level public-private stakeholders and interests. Notwithstanding this complexity, the Department is careful to maintain orientation with the DoD ManTech program's statutory goals and objectives and has concluded that those requirements are highly complementary to, and supportive of, the broader national goals of the Manufacturing USA Program as laid out in the Revitalize American Manufacturing and Innovation (RAMI) Act of 2014. Performance relative to both sets of goals/objectives is necessarily measured in both qualitative and quantitative terms, and many of the institutes accomplishments previously addressed represent rich and highly descriptive qualitative and quantitative measure of program performance. The Department actively reviews or oversees the review of institute metrics at four levels: 1) the overall Manufacturing USA network level (this is done in coordination with the DoD's Manufacturing USA interagency partners), 2) at the DoD/funding agency level (per the statutory requirements of DoD ManTech Program), 3) at the individual institute level (in coordination with each institute), and 4) at the specific technology project level (via DoD technical expert involvement in the institutes). Broadly, the institutes themselves are charged by the DoD, the Administration and Congress with ensuring that key elements of their innovation ecosystems will be matured and made widely available by fostering collaborations between appropriate elements of that ecosystem. The following four categories of metrics have emerged as common focus areas:

- 1. Impact on U.S. Innovation Ecosystem
- 2. Financial Leverage/Sustainability
- 3. Education and Advanced Manufacturing Workforce Development

0040

bit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary Of Defense		Date: February 2018
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program	Project (Number/Name) 350 I Manufacturing Innovation Institutes
4. Technical Advancement Specific metrics and the annual cycle for measuring progress against benchmatechnology capability, expertise, and organizational structure. The Department national security based upon technological advancements and the industrial based.	t strives to ensure that the assessment proces	

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of the Secretary Of Defense							Date: February 2018					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3					,	у						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
607: National Security Technology Accelerator Program	0.000	25.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	Continuing	Continuing

Note

This is a congressional add transferred from Defense Logistics Agency's Generic Logistics R&D Technology Demonstrations Program, PE 0603712S00

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This is a congressional add transferred from Defense Logistics Agency's Generic Logistics R&D Technology Demonstrations Program, PE 0603712S00

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2019	FY 2019	FY 2019
	FY 2017	FY 2018	Base	oco	Total
Title: National Security Technology Accelerator	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Description: This is a congressional add transferred from Defense Logistics Agency's Generic Logistics R&D Technology Demonstrations Program, PE 0603712S00					
FY 2018 Plans: This is a congressional add transferred from Defense Logistics Agency's Generic Logistics R&D Technology Demonstrations Program, PE 0603712S00					
FY 2019 Base Plans: None					
FY 2019 OCO Plans: N/A					
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: None					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	FY 2017	FY 2018			
Congressional Add: National Security Technology Accelerator	25.000	0.000			

Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 3 PE 0603680D8Z / Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology Program Program Project (Number/Name) 607 / National Security Technology Accelerator Program	Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Office of t	Date: February 2018	
	1	PE 0603680D8Z I Defense Wide Manufacturing Science and Technology	607 I National Security Technology

	FY 2017	FY 2018
FY 2017 Accomplishments: This is a congressional add that moved over from an R&D PE.		
FY 2018 Plans: This is a congressional add that moved over from an R&D PE.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	25.000	0.000

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

None

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A